

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (*Currently Amended*) A method for energy and power estimation of a core-model based embedded system, wherein the method comprises:
 - capturing gate-level energy simulation data, wherein the captured gate-level data simulation data correlates to an initially defined instruction set;
 - determining if no data dependencies or no correlation between instructions of the initially defined instruction set are present, and if so, increasing the complexity of the initially defined instruction to create a refined instruction set;
 - determining if data dependencies or correlation between instructions of the initially defined instruction set are present, and if so, decreasing the complexity of the initially defined instruction set to create a refined instruction set;
 - deploying the refined instruction set in an algorithmic-level executable specification; and
 - executing the algorithmic-level executable specification to obtain energy estimations for each instruction of the refined instruction set.[:,]

2. (*Previously Presented*) A method of modeling energy and power requirements for a system-on-a-chip, wherein the modeling method comprises:

deploying a circuit model of the system-on-a-chip by selecting at least one parameterized instruction-based core model and instantiating the at least one parameterized instruction-based core model, wherein the instruction-based core model comprises a refined instruction set derived from captured gate-level energy simulation data, wherein the captured gate-level data simulation data is correlated to an initially defined instruction set, and the complexity of the initially defined instruction set has been increased or decreased on the basis of the presence of data dependencies or correlation between instructions of the initially defined instruction set to form the refined instruction set;

executing the circuit model by invoking instructions from the refined instruction set;

analyzing the estimated energy requirements of the circuit model; and

outputting the estimated energy requirements for the circuit model.

3. (*Original*) The method of modeling energy and power requirements for a system-on-a-chip as claimed in claim 2, wherein the least one parameterized instruction-based core model includes toggle counts for a plurality of implementations of the deployed circuit model.

4. *(Previously Presented)* A method for creating a library of instruction-based core energy models, wherein the method comprises:

- deploying a circuit model using a hardware description language;
- defining a plurality of high-level instructions correlated to functions supported by the circuit model;
- acquiring gate-level energy simulation data for each component comprising the circuit model;
- collecting a plurality of toggle count sets corresponding to each of the plurality of high-level instructions;
- assigning each of the plurality of toggle count sets to one of the plurality of high-level instructions, thereby creating an instruction-based core energy model;
- determining if no data dependencies or no correlation between instructions of the plurality of high-level instructions are present, and if so, increasing the complexity of the plurality of high-level instructions to create a refined instruction set;
- determining if data dependencies or correlation between instructions of the plurality of high-level instructions are present, and if so, decreasing the complexity of the plurality of high-level instructions to create a refined instruction set;

and

- implementing the instruction-based core energy model incorporating the refined instruction set within the library that is realized as a look-up table.

5. (*Previously Presented*) The method for creating a library of instruction-based core energy models as claimed in claim 4, wherein the assigning each of the plurality of toggle count sets to one of the plurality of instructions further comprises increasing the number of high-level instructions to reduce data dependency.

6. (*Currently Amended*) A computer program product for use in a computer system in which core models are accessed by an application program, the computer program product including a computer usable medium bearing computer executable code, the computer executable code comprising:

a first executable code portion for determining if the core model should simulate an idle state or execute an instruction, based upon whether the core model is called by another core model or it is called by a control object;

a second executable code portion for determining if resources required by the core model are free, and claiming the free resources;

a third executable code portion for adding an idle energy value to an energy accumulation count~~accumulator~~;

a fourth executable code portion for determining if a clock counter is decremented, thereby collecting data about the elapsed time and calculating the consumed power from the energy data;

a fifth executable code portion for simulating execution of a predetermined instruction;
and

a sixth executable code portion for adding an energy value to the energy accumulation
count~~accumulator~~.

7. (*Previously Presented*) A computer program product for use in a computer system in which core models are accessed by an application program, the computer program product comprising:

a computer usable medium bearing computer programming statements for enabling the computer system to create at least one circuit model object for use by the application program;

the computer programming statements including a class library expressing an inheritance hierarchy and including at least one core model base class for constructing instances of the at least one circuit model object, the core model base class representative of a circuit element;

the at least one core model base class including, as a respective subclass thereof, an autonomous core model class defining at least one core model member function for directly interacting with the application program; and

the at least one core model member function simulating an instruction associated to the circuit element, the circuit element providing one-time predetermined data correlated to the simulated instruction, wherein the simulated instruction is from a refined instruction set derived from captured gate-level energy simulation data, wherein the captured gate-level data simulation data is correlated to an initially defined instruction set, and the complexity of the initially defined instruction set has been increased or decreased on the basis of the presence of data dependencies

or correlation between instructions of the initially defined instruction set to form the refined instruction set.

8. (*Previously Presented*) In a computer system having an application program that models the energy and power requirements of a system-on-a-chip circuit design, an energy and power modeling method for an application program to access and execute a parameterized core model of a circuit element, the computer system comprising a computer readable medium bearing computer executable code that implements the power and energy modeling method, wherein the method comprises:

providing to the application program a circuit object representing a modeled circuit, the circuit object having instantiated at least one parameterized core model having at least one member function for simulating functions assigned to circuit element, wherein the at least one member function outputs an energy and power estimation correlated with each simulated function and the parameterized core model comprises a refined instruction set associated with the at least one member function and derived from captured gate-level energy simulation data, wherein the captured gate-level data simulation data is correlated to an initially defined instruction set, and the complexity of the initially defined instruction set has been increased or decreased on the basis of the presence of data dependencies or correlation between instructions of the initially defined instruction set to form the refined instruction set;

sending a message from the application program to the circuit object to invoke the at least one member function, thereby executing a simulated function of the circuit element; and

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sending a message from the circuit object to the application program embodying the
energy and power estimation with respect to the invoked member function.